## **CLAIMS**

1. A pyrrolopyrimidine or pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group represented by the following formula [I]:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & CONH_2 \\
E & N & R^3
\end{array}$$
[I]

(wherein E is N or CR10;

 $R^{1}$  is  $-OR^{4}$ ,  $-S(O)_{1}R^{4}$  or  $-NR^{4}R^{5}$ ;

R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, halogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkylthio or -N(R<sup>6</sup>)R<sup>7</sup>;

R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or aryl;

R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are the same or different, and independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-9</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, cyano-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, carbamoyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl)amino-C<sub>2-6</sub>alkyl; or R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are taken together to form - (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>-A-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>- wherein A is methylene, oxygen, sulfur, NR<sup>8</sup> or CHR<sup>9</sup>;

 $R^6$  and  $R^7$  are the same or different, and independently hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl;

 $R^8$  is hydrogen,  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3\text{-}7}$ cycloalkyl, aryl or aryl- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;  $R^9$  is hydrogen, hydroxy, hydroxy- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, cyano or cyano- $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;  $R^{10}$  is hydrogen, halogen or  $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl;

l is an interger selected from 0, 1 and 2;

m is an integer selected from 1, 2, 3 and 4;

n is an integer selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3;

with the proviso, when A is oxygen, sulfur or NR<sup>8</sup>, then n is 1, 2 or 3;

Ar is aryl or heteroaryl which aryl or heteroaryl is unsubstituted or substituted with 1 or more substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen,  $C_{1-6}$ alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$ cycloalkyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$ alkynyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylthio,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylsulfinyl,  $C_{1-6}$ alkylsulfonyl, cyano, nitro, hydroxy,  $-CO_2R^{11}$ ,  $-C(=O)R^{12}$ ,  $-CONR^{13}R^{14}$ ,  $-OC(=O)R^{15}$ ,  $-NR^{16}CO_2R^{17}$ ,  $-S(=O)_rNR^{18}R^{19}$ , trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, difluoromethoxy, fluoromethoxy

and  $-N(R^{20})R^{21}$ ;

R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>17</sup> are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl, aryl or aryl-C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl;

R<sup>12</sup>, R<sup>13</sup>, R<sup>14</sup>, R<sup>15</sup>, R<sup>16</sup>, R<sup>18</sup>, R<sup>19</sup>, R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen, C<sub>1-5</sub>alkyl or C<sub>3-8</sub>cycloalkyl;

r is 1 or 2), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

2. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group according to claim 1 represented by the following formula [II]:

$$R^{1}$$
  $CONH_{2}$  [II]

(wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and Ar are as defined in claim 1), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

- 3. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group according to claim 2 represented by the formula [II], wherein R<sup>1</sup> is -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>; R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> are the same or different, and independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-9</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy)-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl or cyano-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is substituted with two or three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkoxy, C<sub>1-3</sub>alkylthio, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and N(R<sup>20</sup>)R<sup>21</sup> (wherein R<sup>20</sup> and R<sup>21</sup> are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.
- 4. The pyrrolopyrimidine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group

according to claim 2 represented by the formula [II], wherein R<sup>1</sup> is -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>; R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-9</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl) or cyano-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is substituted with two or three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

5. The pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group according to claim 1 represented by the following formula [III]:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & CONH_2 \\
N & R^3 \\
R^2 & N & Ar
\end{array}$$

(wherein R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and Ar are as defined in claim 1), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

6. The pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group according to claim 5 represented by the formula [III], wherein R¹ is -OR⁴ or -NR⁴R⁵; R² is C₁-6alkyl; R³ is hydrogen or C₁-6alkyl; R⁴ and R⁵ are the same or different, and independently hydrogen, C₁-9alkyl, C₃-7cycloalkyl, C₃-7cycloalkyl-C₁-6alkyl, di(C₃-7cycloalkyl)-C₁-6alkyl, C₁-6alkoxy-C₁-6alkyl, di(C₁-6alkoxy)-C₁-6alkyl, hydroxy-C₁-6alkyl or cyano-C₁-6alkyl; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is substituted with two or three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen, C₁-3alkyl, C₁-3alkoxy, C₁-3alkylthio, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy and – N(R²0)R²¹ (wherein R²0 and R²¹ are the same or different, and independently are hydrogen or C₁-3alkyl), individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.

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- 7. The pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group according to claim 5 represented by the formula [III], wherein R<sup>1</sup> is -OR<sup>4</sup> or -NR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup>; R<sup>2</sup> is C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1-9</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, hydroxy-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl) or cyano-C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl; R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen; Ar is phenyl which phenyl is substituted with two or three substituents, which are the same or different, selected from the group consisting of halogen and C<sub>1-3</sub>alkyl, individual isomers thereof or racemic or non-racemic mixtures of isomers thereof, or pharmaceutically acceptable salts and hydrates thereof.
- 8. An antagonist for CRF receptors, comprising a pyrrolopyrimidine or pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or its hydrate according to any one of claims 1 to 7, as an active ingredient.
- 9. Use of a pyrrolopyrimidine or pyrrolotriazine derivative substituted with a carbamoyl group, a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof or its hydrate according to any one of claim 1 to 7, for the manufacture of a therapeutic agent as an antagonist for CRF receptors.